Hosting the End of Term Web Archive in the Cloud

Mark Phillips Library of Congress Designing Storage Architectures March 24, 2025

Background

End of Term Web Archive

- Collaborative web archiving activity in the United States since 2008
- Goal to document the transition in the Executive Branch of the Federal web before and after each election cycle
- Serves as a longitudinal snapshot of Federal .gov and public .mil web every four years
- Partners volunteer time, crawling, and storage resources for the project
- Public access provided by the Internet Archives' Wayback Machine
- <u>https://eotarchive.org</u>

EOT Crawling Partners

	2008	2012	2016	2020	2024
Archive Team (AT)			Crawl		
California Digital Library (CDL)	Crawl				
Internet Archive (IA)	Crawl	Crawl	Crawl	Crawl	Crawl
Library of Congress (LOC)	Crawl	Crawl	Crawl		
University of North Texas (UNT)	Crawl	Crawl	Crawl	Crawl	Crawl
Common Crawl					Crawl
WebRecorder					Crawl

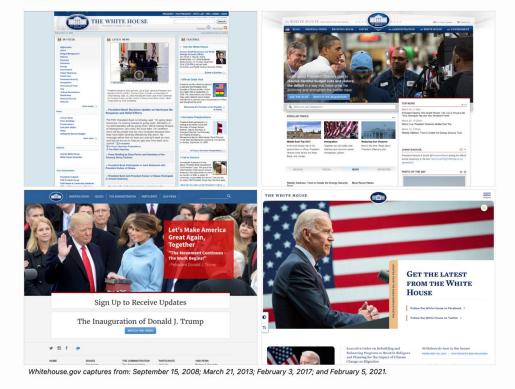
Project Home	About This Project	Project Reports	Feeds -	Add A U
Search				
Search by URL				
Search for an ex	kisting URL in the system	•	submit	
			Submit	
Allow partial	matches			
	matorios			
Browse URLs				
Browse URLs		Number of Nomir	nators: 461	
Browse URLs	£	Number of Nomir	nators: 461	
Browse URLs	£	Number of Nomir	nators: 461	
Browse URLs	£	Number of Nomir	nators: 461	
Browse URLs Number of UF	£	Number of Nomir	nators: (461)	

https://digital2.library.unt.edu/nomination/

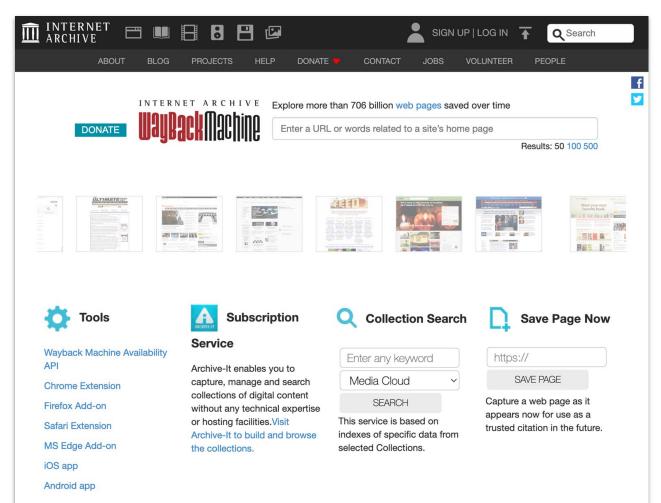
https://eotarchive.org

irpose

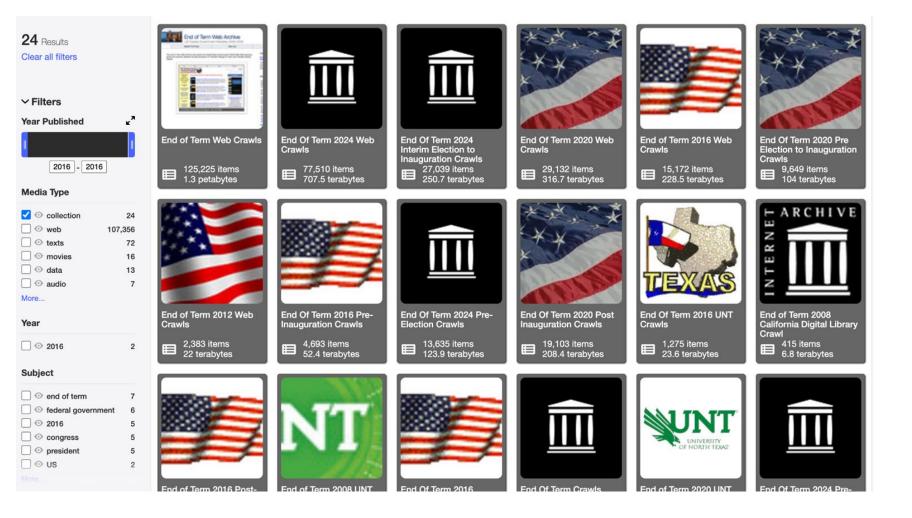
e End of Term Web Archive captures and saves U.S. Government websites at the end of presidential administrations. The EOT has thus far preserved websites from administration changes in 2008, 2012, 2016, and 2020. We are currently accepting URL nominations for the End of Term 2024 Web Archive.



https://web.archive.org



EAO I Contact Un I Termo of Convine (Dec 21 0014)



EOT to AWS

Goals of the Project

- Provide greater access to the End of Term datasets
 2008, 2012, 2016, 2020, and 2024
- Focused on computational consumption of the collection
- Currently challenging because of size, access, storage issues
- Encourage reuse and research with the EOT data
- Position dataset so that we can learn more about our process
- Provide a canonical dataset for each crawl for reference numbers like size, URLs, counts

Common Crawl

https://commoncrawl.org

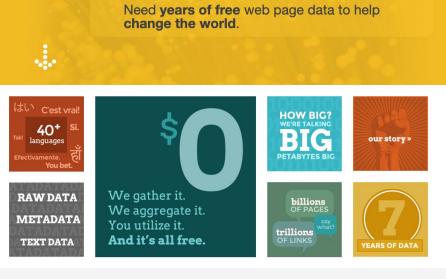
"Common Crawl is a 501(c)(3) non-profit organization dedicated to providing a copy of the internet to internet researchers, companies and individuals at no cost for the purpose of research and analysis."

- Monthly large (~300TB) crawls of the web
- Uses Nutch for crawling
- Stores data in WARC files
- Openly shares their data via AWS
 Open Data Sponsorship Program

Us

We build and maintain an open repository of **web** crawl data that can be accessed and analyzed by anyone.

You



Common Crawl Data

WARC files - content of crawls

WAT - Extracted metadata from WARC files

WET - Extracted text from WARC files

(WAT and WET limited to HTML and TXT)

CDX Index - ZipNum format

Parquet Index - based on CDX Index

January 2022 crawl archive now available

February 2, 2022 Sebastian Nagel

The crawl archive for January 2022 is now available! The data was crawled January 16 – 29 and contains 2.95 billion web pages or 320 TiB of uncompressed content. It includes page captures of 1.35 billion new URLs, not visited in any of our prior crawls.

Archive Location and Download

The January crawl archive is located in the commoncrawl bucket at crawl-data/CC-MAIN-2022-05/.

To assist with exploring and using the dataset, we provide gzipped files which list all segments, WARC, WAT and WET files.

By simply adding either s3://commoncrawl/ or https://data.commoncrawl.org/ to each line, you end up with the S3 and HTTP paths respectively.

	File List	#Files	Total Size Compressed (TiB)
Segments	CC-MAIN-2022-05/segment.paths.gz	100	
WARC files	CC-MAIN-2022-05/warc.paths.gz	72000	73.5
WAT files	CC-MAIN-2022-05/wat.paths.gz	72000	19.85
WET files	CC-MAIN-2022-05/wet.paths.gz	72000	8.63
Robots.txt files	CC-MAIN-2022-05/robotstxt.paths.gz	72000	0.14
Non-200 responses files	CC-MAIN-2022-05/non200responses.paths.gz	72000	1.79
URL index files	CC-MAIN-2022-05/cc-index.paths.gz	302	0.22

The Common Crawl URL Index for this crawl is available at: https://index.commoncrawl.org/CC-MAIN-2022-05/. Also the columnar index has been updated to contain this crawl.

Please donate to Common Crawl if you appreciate our free datasets! We're also seeking corporate sponsors to partner with Common Crawl for our non-profit work in open data. Please contact info@commoncrawl.org for sponsorship information.

BIG PICTURE	THE DATA	ABOUT US	CONNECT	

Recent Posts

Host- and Domain-Level Web Graphs October, November/December 2021 and January 2022

Important news for users of Common Crawl data: we are introducing CloudFront as a new way to access Common Crawl data as part of Amazon Web Services' registry of open data

January 2022 crawl archive now available

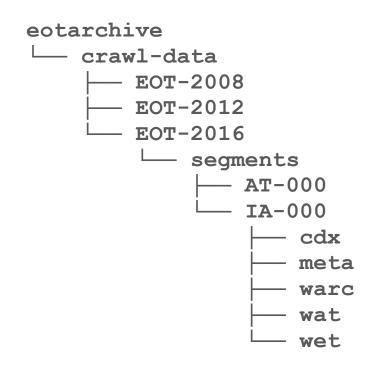
November/December 2021 crawl archive now available

October 2021 crawl archive now available

Why Common Crawl Data Structure

- Existing tools can be used for generation of derivatives
 - Well documented tools built around working with large datasets
- Leverage existing Common Crawl community who are heavy users of those datasets
- Reuse documentation about formats, code, processes that exist for Common Crawl
- Great starting point until we have a strong reason to deviate

EOT Structure in Amazon S3



What Are We Moving/Copying?

- Moving EOT crawls dataset to Amazon S3
 - 2008 UNT Libraries lead
 - 2012 UNT Libraries lead
 - o 2016 IA Lead
 - o 2020 IA Lead
- Steps include:
 - Identifying scope of collection in repositories
 - Staging and verifying data from local repository
 - Organizing into S3 bucket layout
 - Generating WAT/WET/CDX/META/ZIPNUM/Parquet
 - Uploading to S3
 - Documenting Dataset

Logistics

- Fall 2021 we contacted AWS Open Data Program
- Approval from AWS was pretty quick
- IA is institutional home to the AWS bucket with shared credentials to others working on data
- Currently AWS is providing storage for ~750TB of data
- Weekly meetings between Mark P. at UNT and Sawood A. at IA for planning

Data Movement

- Identifying boundaries of EOT archives can be challenging
 - Requires a bit of digging back into EOT collective memory
 - A little bit of diving into old CDX indexes was required
- Divide and conquer
 - UNT and IA would take different EOT sets
 - UNT 2008, 2012
 - IA 2016, 2020
- Two approaches
 - UNT Upload WARC and derivatives
 - IA Upload WARC to S3, UNT downloads and generates derivatives

Content in the Cloud...

Crawl	WARC Files	WARC Size	WAT Size	WET Size	CDX Size	META Size
EOT-2008	125,704	15TB	447GB	108GB	9GB	68GB
EOT-2012	78,509	41TB	885GB	217GB	12GB	82GB
EOT-2016	194,683	139TB	2TB	331GB	25GB	178GB
EOT-2020	239,811	266TB	9TB	3ТВ	84GB	713GB
EOT-2024	?	700TB+?	?	?	?	?
Total	638,707	461TB	12TB	4TB	130GB	1TB

Tools Used

Small 5-node Local Hadoop Cluster (250TB) & mrjob

WAT/WET

https://github.com/commoncrawl/ia-web-commons

https://github.com/commoncrawl/ia-hadoop-tools

CDXJ

https://github.com/webrecorder/cdxj-indexer

WARC Metadata Sidecar

https://github.com/unt-libraries/warc-metadata-sidecar

Zipnum

https://github.com/commoncrawl/webarchive-indexing

Parquet

https://github.com/commoncrawl/cc-index-table

D DESCRIBE SELECT * FROM read_parquet('*.parquet');

column_name varchar	column_type varchar	null varchar	key varchar	default varchar	extra varchar
url_surtkey	VARCHAR	YES			
url	VARCHAR	YES			
url_host_name	VARCHAR	YES			
url_host_tld	VARCHAR	YES			
url_host_2nd_last_part	VARCHAR	YES			
url_host_3rd_last_part	VARCHAR	YES			
url_host_4th_last_part	VARCHAR	YES			
url_host_5th_last_part	VARCHAR	YES			
url_host_registry_suffix	VARCHAR	YES			
url_host_registered_domain	VARCHAR	YES			
url_host_private_suffix	VARCHAR	YES			
url_host_private_domain	VARCHAR	YES			
url_host_name_reversed	VARCHAR	YES			
url_protocol	VARCHAR	YES			
url_port	INTEGER	YES			
url_path	VARCHAR	YES			
url_query	VARCHAR	YES			
fetch_time	TIMESTAMP	YES			
fetch_status	SMALLINT	YES			
content_digest	VARCHAR	YES			
content_mime_type	VARCHAR	YES			
content_mime_detected	VARCHAR	YES			
content_charset	VARCHAR	YES			
content_languages	VARCHAR	YES			
content_puid	VARCHAR	YES			
warc_filename	VARCHAR	YES			
warc_record_offset	BIGINT	YES			
warc_record_length	BIGINT	YES			
warc_segment	VARCHAR	YES			
crawl	VARCHAR	YES			
subset	VARCHAR	YES			
31 rows 6 columns					

Purpose

https://eotarchive.org

The End of Term Web Archive captures and saves U.S. Government websites at the end of presidential administrations. The EOT has thus far preserved websites from administration changes in 2008, 2012, 2016, and 2020.



Whitehouse.gov captures from: September 15, 2008; March 21, 2013; and February 3, 2017.

Archive Scope

The End of Term Web Archive contains federal government websites (.gov, .mil, etc) in the Legislative, Executive, or Judicial branches of the government. Websites that were at risk of changing (i.e., whitehouse.gov) or disappearing altogether during government transitions were captured. Local government websites, or any other site not part of the federal government domain were out of scope.

U.S. Federal Government Domain End of Term 2020 Web Archive

For the End of Term 2020, The Library of Congress, University of North Texas Libraries, Internet Archive, Stanford University Libraries, and the U.S. Government Publishing Office (GPO) joined efforts again, this time with new partners Environmental Data & Governance Initiative (EDGI) and the National Archives and Records Administrationi (NARA), to preserve public United States Government websites at the conclusion of the presidential administration ending January 20, 2021. This web harvest – like its predecessors in 2008, 2012, and 2016 – was intended to document the federal government's presence on the World Wide Web during the transition of presidential administrations and to enhance the existing collections of the partner institutions. This broad comprehensive crawl of the .gov domain includes as many federal .gov sites as we could find, plus federal content in other domains (such as .mil, .com, and social media content) and FTPd datasets.

Nominations made by individual URL for inclusion in the End of Term Presidential Harvest 2020 are available to view in the Nomination Tool. URLs submitted for consideration in bulk form via files were added to a separate bulk Nomination Tool instance. The files containing the bulk list URLs have also been added to a GitHub repository. The entirety of the archived content is currently being held by the Internet Archive.

Browse the End of Term Web Archive

- 2008-2009
- 2012-2013
- 2016-2017
- Browse All
- Search Full Text

eotarchiveend-of-term

Datasets

End of Term Datasets

The End of Term project is working with the Amazon Web Services' Open Data Sponsorship Program to host a copy of the 2008, 2012, 2016, and 2020 End of Term Datasets.

The work of inventorying, staging and moving the data into AWS is still ongoing and more information will be provided here in the future.

Currently we have these datasets partially available for use.

Dataset	WARC #	WARC Size Compressed
EOT-2020	239811	266.04 TB
EOT-2016	194683	139.3 TB
EOT-2012	78509	41.42 TB
EOT-2008	125704	15.32 TB
EOT-2004		

eotarchiveend-of-termeot-info@archive.org

The End of Term Web Archive is a collaborative initiative that collects, preserves, and makes accessible United States Government websites at the end of presidential

End of Term 2008 Dataset

End of Term 2008 Dataset

The End of Term 2008 Dataset represents data collected by four collecting institutions. These institutions were the California Digital Library (CDL), the Internet Archive (IA), the Library of Congress (LOC) and the University of North Texas Libraries (UNT). The data is part of the initiative called the End of Term Presidential Web Archive.

Archive Location and Download

The 2008 End of Term archive is located on the eotarchive bucket at EOT-2008.

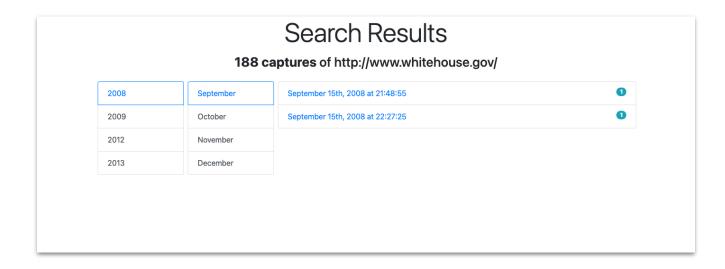
To assist with exploring and using the dataset, we provide gzipped files which list all segments, WARC, WAT, WET, and CDX files.

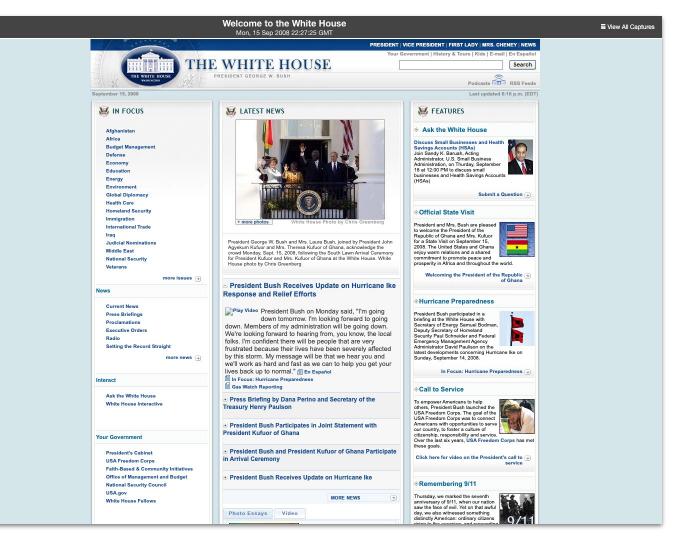
By adding either s3://eotarchive/ or https://eotarchive.s3.amazonaws.com/ to each line, you end up with the s3 and HTTP paths respectively.

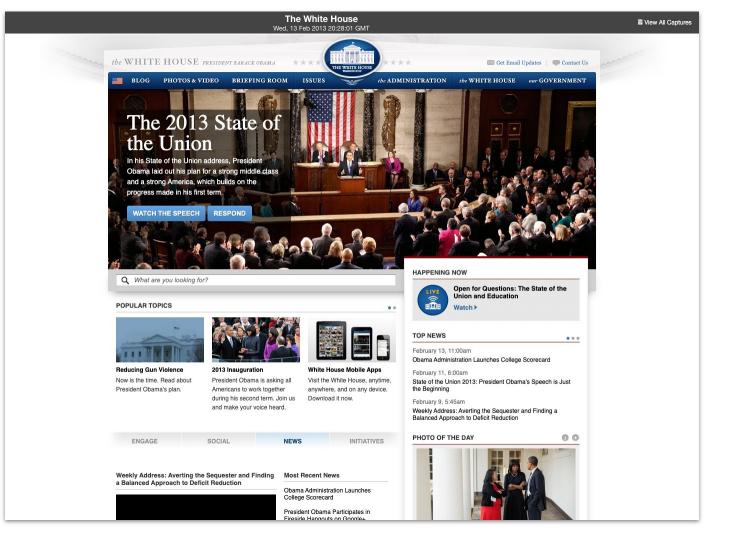
File	List	#Files	Total Size Compressed (TiB)
Segments	EOT-2008/segment.paths.gz	14	
WARC files	EOT-2008/warc.paths.gz	125704	16.85
WAT files	EOT-2008/wat.paths.gz	125704	0.48
WET files	EOT-2008/wet.paths.gz	125704	0.12
CDX files	EOT-2008/cdx.paths.gz	125704	0.01
URL Index files	EOT-2008/eot-index.paths.gz	50	0.007

eotarchive
 end-of-term
 eot-info@archive.org

The End of Term Web Archive is a collaborative initiative that collects, preserves, and makes accessible United States Government websites at the end of presidential administrations. We were able to implement a proof of concept for serving directly from AWS with pywb with about 15 lines of configuration.







mark.phillips@unt.edu

@vphill.bsky.social

https://eotarchive.org