# Economics and Digital Preservation: Final Report of the Blue Ribbon Task Force on Sustainable Digital Preservation and Access

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"Dealing with the digital universe is not a technical problem alone ..." "The Diverse & Exploding Digital Universe" IDC Whitepaper (2008)

- Digital preservation is a technical problem:... sustain digital signals over long term
- Digital preservation is an economic problem:
   ... sustain digital preservation activities over long term
- Solutions to both problems are the necessary conditions for successful digital preservation
- Even the most elegant technical solution is no solution at all if it is not economically sustainable











# Assemble a representative group of experts with broad perspective and influence ...

 Leaders with economics, computer science, and preservation expertise from academia, industry, government, the US, and the UK served on the Task Force

### Organize and conduct an in-depth analysis of the problem space ...

 Task Force reports a comprehensive analysis of digital preservation as an economic problem, applied to today's key digital preservation scenarios

# Identify key themes, issues and solution approaches. Disseminate findings & recommendations ...

 Outreach vehicles include 2 substantive reports, website/bibliography, a major symposium, national press, etc.

# **BRTF-SDPA** Participants



### **Blue Ribbon Task Force:**

- Paul Ayris, University College London
- Fran Berman, SDSC/UCSD and RPI
- Bob Chadduck, NARA Liaison
- Sayeed Choudhury, Johns Hopkins University
- Elizabeth Cohen, AMPAS/Stanford
- Paul Courant, University of Michigan
- Lee Dirks, Microsoft
- Amy Friedlander, CLIR
- Chris Greer, NITRD Liaison
- Vijay Gurbaxani, UC Irvine
- Anita Jones, University of Virginia
- Ann Kerr, Consultant
- Brian Lavoie, OCLC
- Cliff Lynch, CNI
- Dan Rubinfeld, UC Berkeley
- Chris Rusbridge, DCC
- Roger Schonfeld, Ithaka
- Abby Smith, Consultant
- Anne Van Camp, Smithsonian

### **Sponsoring Agencies/Institutions:**

- National Science Foundation
- Library of Congress
- Mellon Foundation
- National Archives and Records Administration
- CLIR
- NITRD
- JISC
- SDSC
- Member institutions

### **Specific Responsibilities**

- Fran Berman / co-Chair
- Brian Lavoie / co-Chair
- Amy Friedlander / First Report Editor
- Abby Rumsey / Second Report Editor
- Susan Rathbun / Task Force Administration
- Jan Zverina / Communications

# Systemic Challenges



- "One-time" funding models are inadequate to address persistent long-term access and preservation needs
- Poor alignment between stakeholders in the digital preservation and access world and their roles, responsibilities and support models
- There is a lack of institutional, enterprise, and/or community incentives to support the collaboration needed to enforce sustainable economic models
- There is complacency that current practices are "good enough" and / or the
  problem is not urgent. Both "carrots" (in the form of recognition that access to
  information is an investment in current and future success) and "sticks" (in the
  form of penalties for non-compliance, accounting of explicit opportunity costs, or
  costs of lost information) are needed
- Fear that digital access and preservation is too big to take on

# Targets for Task Force Analysis



Research Data

**Scholarly Discourse** 

Commercially- owned Cultural Content Collectively-produced web content

### **Stakeholders**

- Those who benefit from use of a preserved asset
- Those who select what to preserve
- Those who own or have rights to an asset
- Those who preserve the asset
- Those who pay

The greater the alignment between key stakeholder groups, the better the prospects for sustainable preservation

# There is no magic bullet



 Many economic models for digital information currently used, none of them are "free"



**Federal grants** 



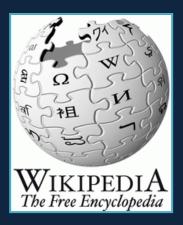
Pay per service



**Advertisements** 



**Subscription** 



Donations, etc.

# **Summary Recommendations 1**



### CREATE SUSTAINABILITY-FRIENDLY POLICY

Create preservation mandates as appropriate

### INVEST IN / SEED PRESERVATION INFRASTRUCTURE

- Invest in building / seeding stewardship capacity and capability throughout the system.
- Create financial incentives to encourage organizations to preserve digital materials on the public behalf.
- Fund the modeling and prototyping of preservation infrastructure approaches

### CREATE PRESERVATION-AWARE COMMUNITIES

- Create public-private partnerships to align distinct stakeholder groups
- Convene expert communities to address the selection and preservation needs of valuable materials for which there is no stewardship (Web materials, digital orphans)

# **Summary Recommendations 2**

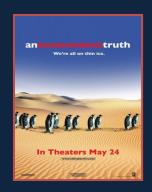


### REFORM REGULATION:

 Reform national and international copyright legislation to address and support digital preservation needs

### RAISE AWARENESS:

- Provide leadership in training and education for
   21st century digital preservation, including domain expertise and core competencies in STEM.
- Promote digital preservation skills and awareness.
   "Does your dry cleaner know what digital preservation is?"



### TAKE INDIVIDUAL RESPONSIBILITY:

- Provide nonexclusive rights to preserve and distribute created content
- Partner with preservation experts throughout the data lifecycle to ensure your data will be maintained in a form that will be useful over the long term
- Pro-actively participate in professional societies and relevant organizations to create stewardship best practices and selection priorities.

# **Economic Sustainability for Digital**Information is a Work in Progress



 Some movement on all fronts but for most, digital preservation is still not a first-tier priority with first-tier resources

# Short-term priorities:

- Clarification / reform of rights, ownership, privacy of digital information
- Viable economically sustainable preservation options for digital research data, cultural assets, etc.
- Redefining digital cyberinfrastructure / assets as critical infrastructure



Public release date: 13-Jul-2011 [ Print   E-mail   Share ] [ Close Window ]
Contact: Heather Piwowar hpiwowar@nescent.org 919-668-4544 National Evolutionary Synthesis Center (NESCent)
Cancer data not readily available for future research
Cancer studies less likely than other research fields to make data available for reuse
Durham, NC — A new study finds that — even in a field with clear standards and online databas subjects are less likely than other research studies to make their datasets available for reuse.
The results come from a study of patterns of research data availability conducted by Dr Heather
Data collected in scientific research is often useful for future studies by other investigators, but archive their data. This analysis confirms there is still much room for improvement.
By querying the full text of the scientific literature through websites like Google Scholar and Pul expression microarray data. Only 45% of recent gene expression studies were found to have de 2009. Data is shared least often from studies on cancer and human subjects: cancer studies me



# Outreach





Scope problem space
Understand current practices
Identify systemic challenges
Over 43,000 downloads to date



Economic analysis
Findings and recommendations
Priorities for near-term action
Over 80,000 downloads to date



### brtf.sdsc.edu

Bibliography
Webcast of Symposium "A National
Conversation on the Economic
Sustainability of Digital Information"
Reports