Software, It's a Thing

Matthew Kirschenbaum

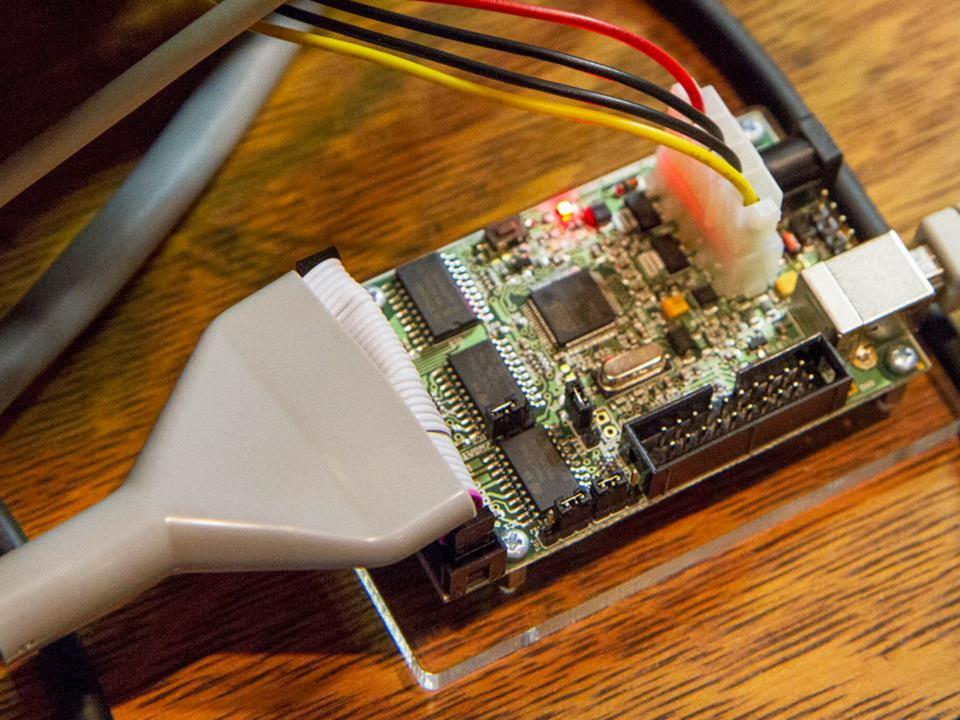
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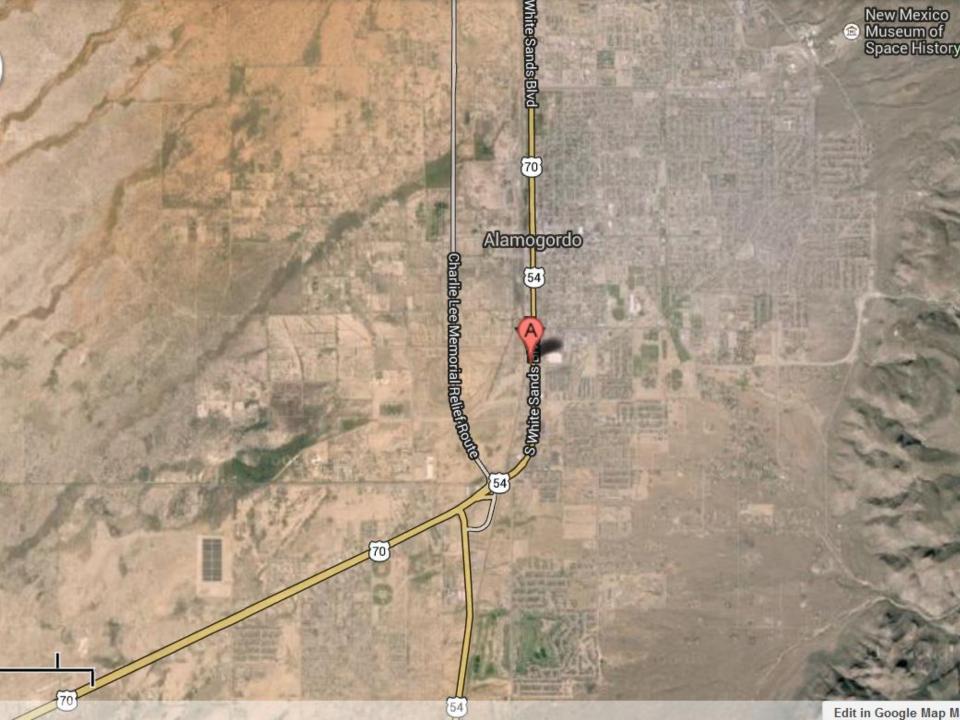






GraphiCraft V27 Release 06







E.T. * THE EXTRA-TERRESTRIAL



VIGHT MA

Use with Joystick Controller

towering lawaries

Word Rapp

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THE EXTRATERRESTRIA







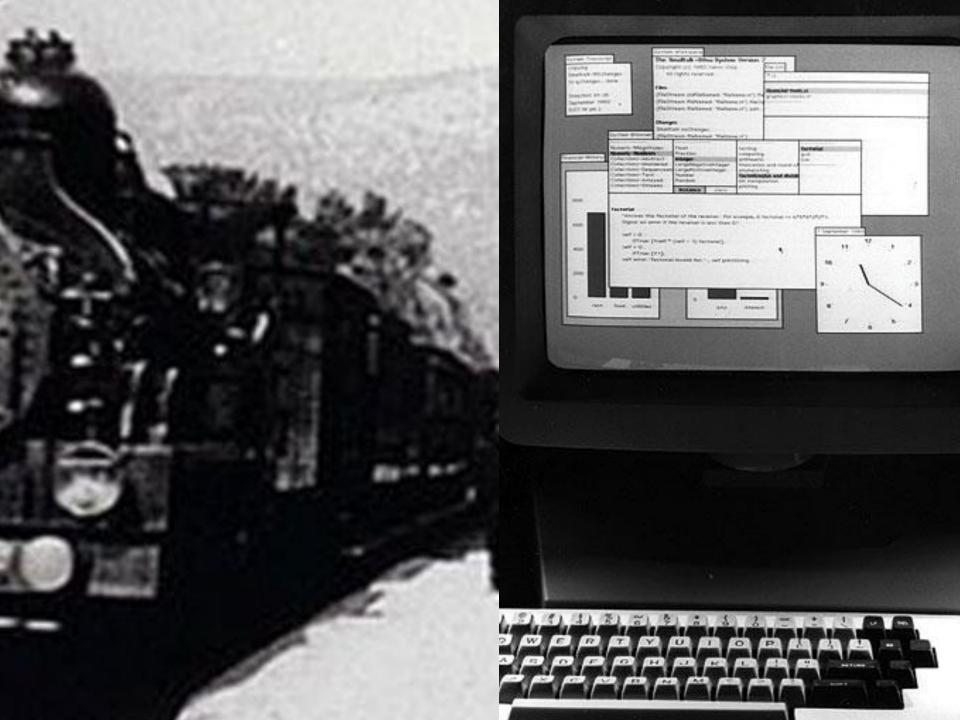








I:GOT PO1 LO1 CO1 Insert Align A Game of Thrones – Chapter 1 Bran The morning had dawned clear and cold, with a crispness that hinted end of summer. They set forth at daybreak to see a man beheaded, tw all, and Bran rode among them, nervous with excitement. This was th time he had been deemed old enough to go with his lord father and h brothers to see the king's justice done. It was the ninth year of s and the seventh of Bran's life. The man had been taken outside a small holdfast in the hills. Robb he was a wildling, his sword sworn to Mance Rayder, the King-beyond-the-Wall. It made Bran's skin prickle to think of it. H remembered the hearth tales Old Nan told them. The wildlings were c she said, slavers and slayers and thieves. They consorted with gian ghouls, stole girl children in the dead of night, and drank blood f polished horns. And their women lay with the Others in the Long Nig sire terrible half-human children. But the man they found bound hand and foot to the holdfast wall awa king's justice was old and scrawny, not much taller than Robb. He h COES ÇäO 5 çao çoes





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- > Digital Formats Sustainability
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Preserving.exe

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Meeting Date, Locatio

May 20-21, 2013 Library of Congress, James Montpelier Room, 6th Floor 101 Independence Ave. SE Washington, DC 20540

Resources

- Final Report (PDF, 752k)
- Meeting Agenda (PDF, 1
- Participants List (PDF, 24)
- Projects of Interest and R
- Abstracts of Presentation
- Community reflections: bld
 - The Ex-files: how lor
 - History.exe: How can of Marlyand
 - o The 10 Most Influentia
 - o Blog posts on The Sid

PRESERVING.EXE



A report from the National Digital Information infrastructure and Process A report from the National Digital Information Infrastructure and Preservation. ame Program of the Library of Congress, focused on identifying valuable acceptable software preservation. ame Program of the Library of Congress, focused on identifying valuable and of.

Program of the Library of Congress, focused on identifying valuable and of.

Program of the Library of Congress, focused on identifying valuable and one identifies the identification of identification identifies and identifie rick software. Topics covered include executable software preservation, gan preservation, electronic literature and ideas for approaches to ensure long

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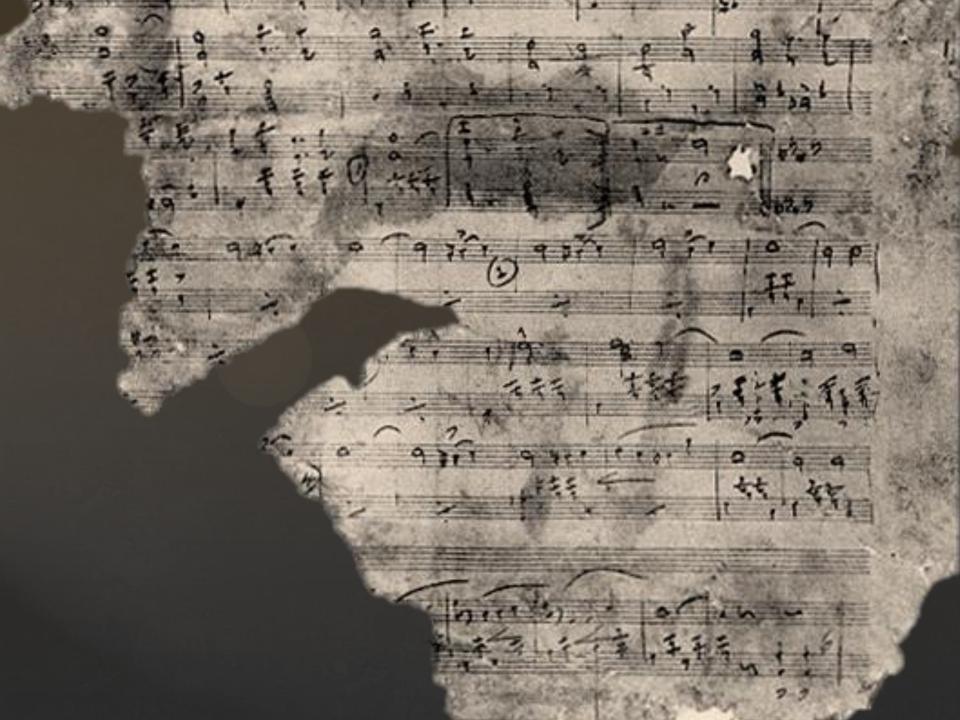








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Information Technology Laboratory

National Software Reference Library





GENERAL INFORMATION

- New to the NSRL?
- Library Contents
- Contacts
- Subscription Information
- Redistribution Policy
- FAQs

VOTING

- Project Overview
- <u>Software Data</u> <u>Set</u>

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Welcome to the National Software Reference Library (NSRL) Project Web Site.

This project is supported by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, federal, state, and local law enforcement, and the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) to promote efficient and effective use of computer technology in the investigation of crimes involving computers. Numerous other sponsoring organizations from law enforcement, government, and industry are providing resources to accomplish these goals, in particular the FBI who provided the major impetus for creating the NSRL out of their ACES program.

The National Software Reference Library (NSRL) is designed to collect software from various sources and incorporate file profiles computed from this software into a Reference Data Set (RDS) of information. The RDS can be used by law enforcement, government, and industry organizations to review files on a computer by matching file profiles in the RDS. This will help alleviate much of the effort involved in determining which files are important as evidence on computers or file systems that have been seized as part of criminal investigations.

The RDS is a collection of digital signatures of **known**, **traceable software applications**. There are application hash values in the hash set which may be considered malicious, i.e. steganography tools and hacking scripts. **There are no hash values of illicit data**, i.e. child abuse images.

The National Software Reference Library is a project in <u>Software and Systems Division</u> supported by <u>The Office of Law Enforcement Standards</u>.

Query the Hash Set Online



Here lies andy peperony and chease

Press SPACE BAR to continue



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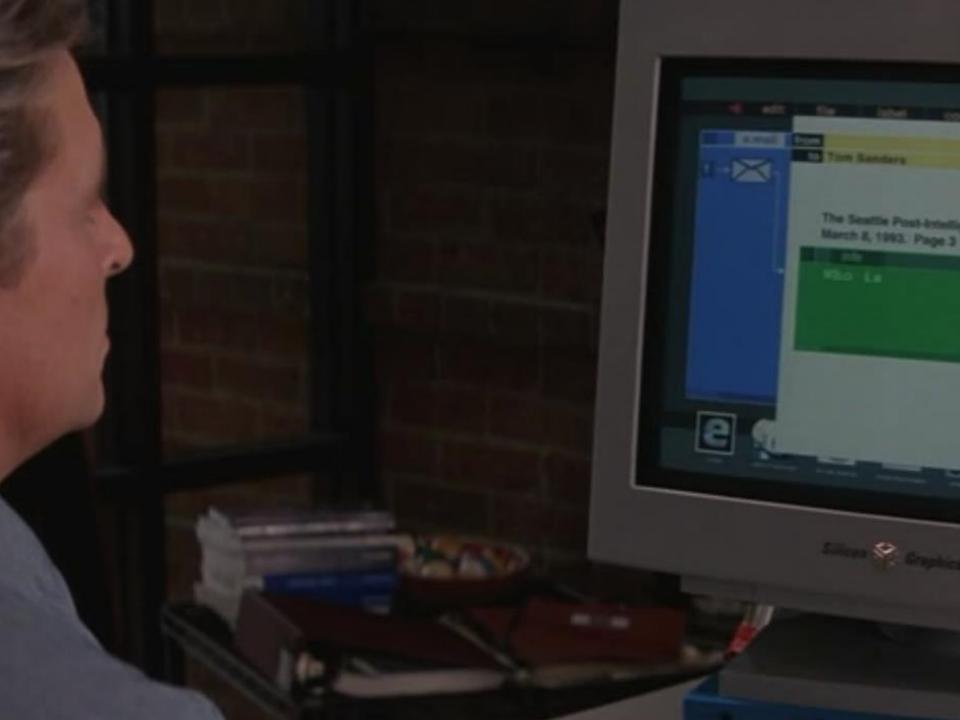
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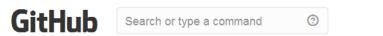












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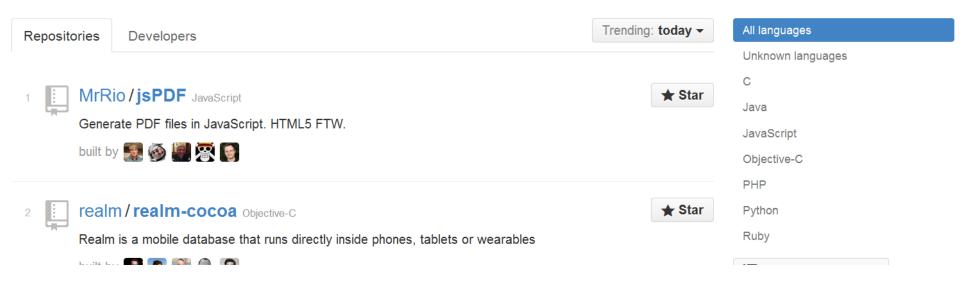
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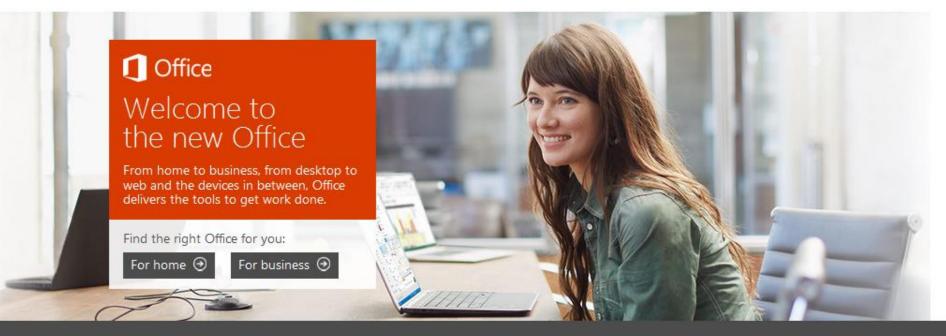
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Word 4.0 Specification



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The Internet Archive Software Collection > Historical Software Collection > WordStar Word Processing Version 2.26 (1981) (MicroPro) (Osborne 1)



Resources

Bookmark

WordStar Word Processing Version 2.26 (1981) (MicroPro) (Osborne 1) (1981)

WordStar is a word processor application that had a dominant market share during the early- to mid-1980s. Formerly published by MicroPro International it was originally written for the CP/M operating system but later ported to DOS. Although Seymour I. Rubinstein was the principal owner of the company, Rob Barnaby was the sole author of the early versions of the program. Starting with WordStar 4.0, the program was built on new code written principally by Peter Mierau.

WordStar was deliberately written to make as few assumptions about the underlying system as possible, allowing it to be easily ported across the many platforms that proliferated in the early 1980s. As all of these versions had relatively similar commands and controls, users could move between platforms with equal ease. Already popular, its inclusion with the Osborne 1 computer made the program become the de facto standard for much of the word processing market.

As the computer market quickly became dominated by the IBM PC, this same portable design made it difficult for the program to add new features and affected its performance. In spite of its great popularity in the early 1980s, these problems allowed WordPerfect to take WordStar's place as the most widely used word processor from 1985 onwards.

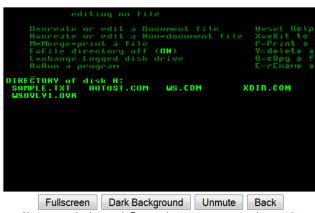
This item is part of the collection: Historical Software Collection

Identifier: wordstar_2.26_osborne1_1981_micropro

Run an in-browser emulation of the program



WordStar Word Processing Version 2.26 (1981) (MicroPro) (Osborne 1)



No gamepads detected. Press a button on a gamepad to use it.

Instructions

This system will boot up and ask you to put a disk in the "A: drive". Trust us, it's already there: press the ENTER key. After showing a splash screen and booting through some messages of what's installed, you will be shown the edit screen of Wordstar. Press D to make a new file, and type in any 8+3 filename you'd like for example: DOCLIMENTIXX After that you're in the editing screen. Fire away! Play around! Write



Jason Scott @textfiles



Somewhere, in a rack somewhere in San Francisco, a machine is playing videogames and taking pictures of them. All day. Every day.



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10









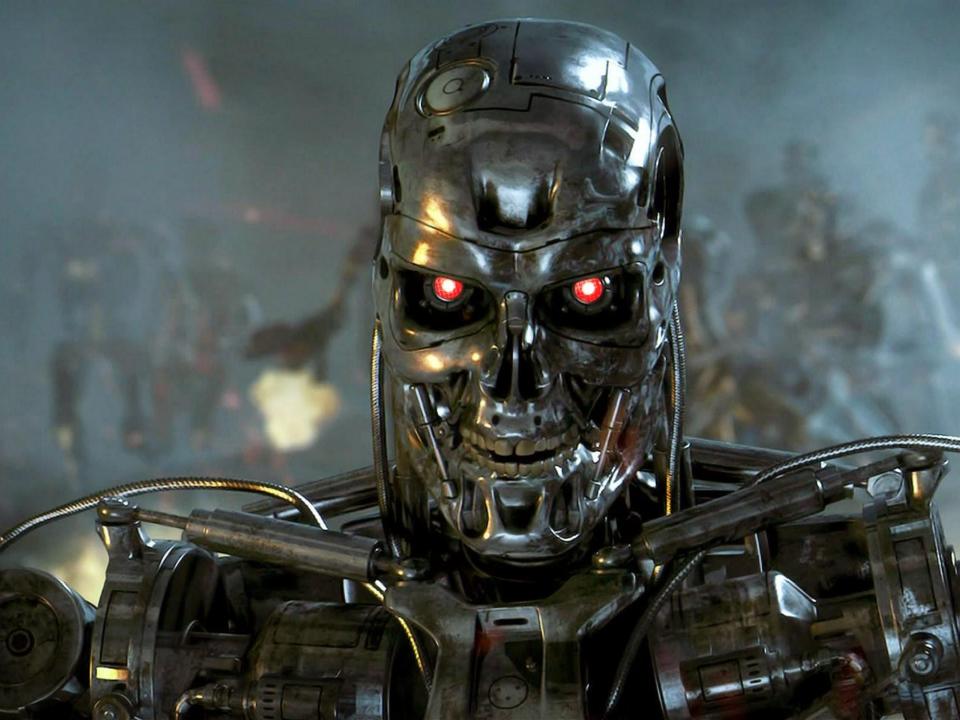


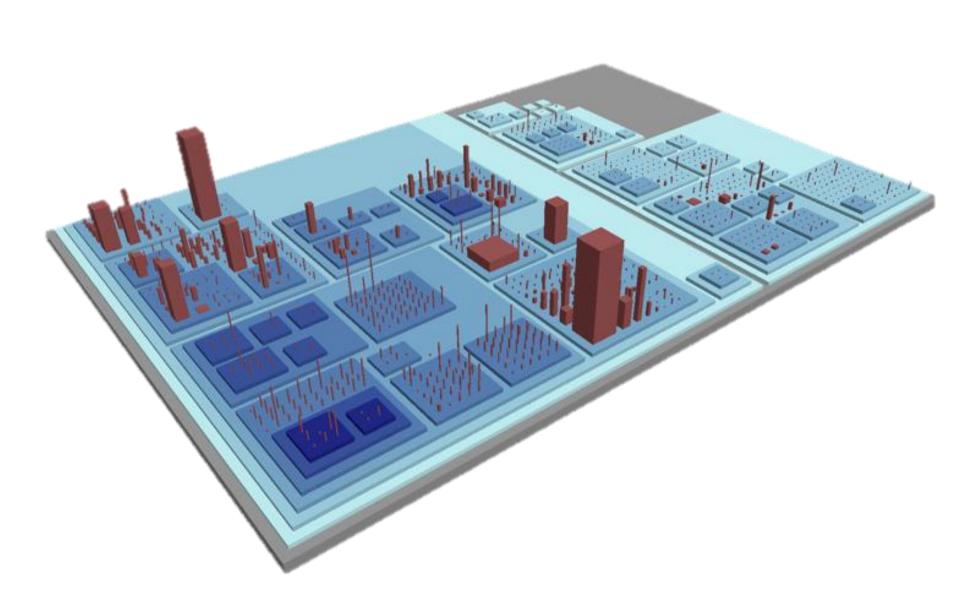












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